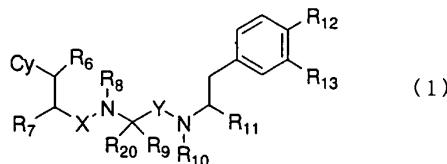


ABSTRACT

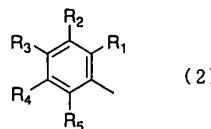
The present invention has as its object providing substituted phenethylamine derivatives that function as a motilin receptor antagonist and which are useful as 5 medicines.

The invention provides compounds of Formula (1):



wherein:

Cy is a group of Formula (2):



10

an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl or phenyl;

15 R_1 , R_2 , R_3 , R_4 and R_5 are hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, trifluoromethyl or nitrile and at least one of R_1 , R_2 , R_3 , R_4 and R_5 is halogen, trifluoromethyl or nitrile;

20 R_6 is hydrogen, optionally substituted straight-chained or branched C_{1-3} alkyl, amino or hydroxy;

R_7 is hydrogen, optionally substituted straight-chained or branched C_{1-3} alkyl, optionally substituted amino or hydroxy;

R_8 is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl;

R₉ is optionally substituted straight-chained or branched C₁₋₆alkyl, optionally substituted straight-chained or branched C₂₋₆alkenyl, optionally substituted straight-chained or branched C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl or 5 optionally substituted phenyl;

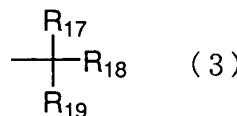
R₂₀ is hydrogen or straight-chained or branched C₁₋₃alkyl or R₉ and R₂₀ may together form C₃₋₇cycloalkyl;

R₁₀ is hydrogen or straight-chained or branched C₁₋₃alkyl;

10 R₁₁ is hydrogen, optionally substituted straight-chained or branched C₁₋₃alkyl, -CO-N(R₁₄)R₁₅, carboxyl or an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring;

R₁₂ is hydroxy or -OR₁₆;

15 R₁₃ is hydrogen, straight-chained or branched C₁₋₆alkyl, straight-chained or branched C₂₋₆alkenyl, straight-chained or branched C₂₋₆alkynyl or a group of Formula (3):



R₁₄ and R₁₅, which may be the same or different, are hydrogen, optionally substituted straight-chained or 20 branched C₁₋₄alkyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, straight-chained or branched C₁₋₄alkyloxy, straight-chained or branched C₁₋₄alkylsulfonyl or a heterocyclic ring, or R₁₄ and R₁₅, as -N(R₁₄)R₁₅, form optionally substituted 3- to 7-membered cyclic amine;

25 R₁₆ is straight-chained C₁₋₄alkyl;

R₁₇ is hydrogen or methyl;

R_{18} and R_{19} together form cycloalkyl or C_{3-7} cycloalkenyl;

X is carbonyl or methylene.

Y is carbonyl or methylene.

5 provided that

when Cy is 3-indolyl

(i) R_{11} is an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring; or

(ii) R_6 is true

10 R₉ is isopropyl, R₂₀ is hydrogen, R₁₀ is methyl, R₁₁ is carbamoyl, R₁₂ is hydroxy, R₁₃ is tert-butyl, X is carbonyl and Y is carbonyl, and

when Cy is cyclohexyl or phenyl, R₁₁ is an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring;

15 or a hydrate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.